

考試時間 120 分鐘，題目卷為三張紙，共三頁，滿分 120 分。所有題目的答案都請依題號順序依序寫在答案卷上，而非與填充題必須寫在第一頁。答案卷務必寫學號、姓名，題目卷不必繳回。考試開始 30 分鐘後不得入場，開始 40 分鐘內不得離場。考試期間禁止使用字典、計算機及任何通訊器材，監試人員不得回答任何關於試題的疑問。 **Questions are to be answered on the answer sheet provided.**

是非題 **True or False** (20 points)，請答 **T** (True) 或 **F** (False)。每題 2 分。
(不需詳列過程，請依題號順序依序寫在答案卷第一頁上。)

1. The point $\left(2, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ lies on the curve $r = 2 \cos 2\theta$.
2. If both $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ and $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n$ are convergent absolutely, then both $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n + b_n)$ and $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n - b_n)$ converge absolutely.
3. $\int_0^{\pi} \sqrt{1 + (\sin \theta)^2} d\theta = \int_0^{\pi} \sqrt{1 + (\cos \theta)^2} d\theta$.
4. If $\{a_n\}$ is an increasing and bounded above sequence then $\{a_n\}$ is convergent.
5. $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2} dx \leq \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$.
6. $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}-1} + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}-1} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{4}-1} + \frac{1}{5\sqrt{5}-1} + \dots$ is divergent.
7. The series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\sqrt[n]{3} - 1\right)^n$ is convergent.
8. Assume $a_n \neq 0, \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$. If the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ is absolutely convergent, then the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{n+1}{n}\right) a_n$ is also absolutely convergent.

(下頁還有試題)

9. If the radius of convergence of the power series $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n x^n$ is 10, then the radius of convergence of the power series $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1)c_n x^{2n}$ is also 10.
10. Suppose $a_n > 0$ and $b_n > 0$ for all n , and there exist $m > 0$ and $M > 0$ such that $m \leq \frac{b_n}{a_n} \leq M$ for n large enough. Then $\sum a_n$ converges $\iff \sum b_n$ converges.

填充題 **Short answer questions** (40 points), 每題 5 分。

(不需詳列過程，僅將答案依題號順序依序寫在答案卷第一頁上即可。)

- Find the limit of the sequence $\{\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}}, \sqrt{2\sqrt{2\sqrt{2}}}, \dots\}$.
Answer : _____.
- Find the interval of convergence of the series $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-3)^n x^n}{\sqrt{n+1}}$.
Answer : _____.
- Find the arc length function for the curve $y = x^2 - \frac{1}{8} \ln x$ taking $P_0(1, 1)$ as the starting point. Answer : _____.
- Find the slope of the tangent line to the cycloid $x = r(\theta - \sin \theta)$, $y = r(1 - \cos \theta)$ at the point where $\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$.
Answer : _____.
- For what values of p is the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{(\ln n)^p}{n}$ convergent?
Answer : _____.
- Find the radius of convergence of the power series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n!)^2}{(2n)!} x^n$.
Answer : _____.
- Find the Cartesian equation for the curve $r = 4 \cos \theta$.
Answer : _____.
- Evaluate $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(n+2)(n+4)}$. Answer : _____.

(下頁還有試題)

計算問答證明題 **Please show all your work** (60 points), 每題 10 分, 請依題號順序依序寫在答案卷上, 可以用中文或英文作答。請詳列計算過程, 否則不予計分。需標明題號但不必抄題。

1. (10 points) Find the sum of the series $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{n^2 - n}{2^n}$.
(Hint: Use term-by-term differentiation.)
2. (10 points) A curve C is defined by the parametric equations $x = t^2$, $y = t^3 - 3t$.
 - a. Find the equation of the tangent line at $t = 2$.
 - b. Find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$.
3. (10 points)
 - a. Sketch the curve with polar equation $r = 1 + \sin \theta$.
 - b. Find the area of the region enclosed by the curve of the equation $r = 1 + \sin \theta$.
4. (10 points) Determine whether the series is absolutely convergent, conditionally convergent, or divergent.
 - a. $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\ln n}$
 - b. $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n \ln n}$
5. (10 points) Find the area of the surface obtained by rotating the circle

$$x^2 + (y - r)^2 = r^2$$

about the x -axis. ($r > 0$ is a constant.)

6. (10 points) Find all positive values of b such that the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b^{\sqrt{n}}$ converges.
(Hint: Try Integral Test.)

(試題結束)